

# **Official Transcript of Proceedings**

## **NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION**

Title: Legal and Financial Issues Related to  
Exelon's Pebble Bed Modular Reactor  
Public Workshop

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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA  
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

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PUBLIC WORKSHOP  
LEGAL AND FINANCIAL ISSUES RELATED TO  
EXELON'S PEBBLE BED MODULAR REACTOR

SECY-01-0207

+ + + + +

WEDNESDAY

MARCH 27, 2002

+ + + + +

ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND

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The Public Workshop met in the Auditorium  
at Two White Flint North, 11555, Rockville Pike, at  
1:00 p.m., Chip Cameron, Facilitator, presiding.

PRESENT:

Francsi Cameron	Facilitator
Dennis Allison	Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation
Amy Cubbage	New Reactor Licensing Project Office
Michael Dusaniwskij	Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

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1     PRESENT: (CONT.)

2     Marsha Gamberoni                   New Reactor Licensing

3                                       Project Office

4     Clare Goodman                   Office of Nuclear Reactor

5                                       Regulation

6     Tim Harris                       Office of Nuclear Reactor

7                                       Regulation

8     Glenda Jackson                  Office of the Chief Financial

9                                       Officer

10    Janice Moore                   Office of General Counsel

11    Jerry Wilson                   Office of Nuclear Reactor

12                                       Regulation

13

14    ALSO PRESENT:

15    Russell Bell                   NEI

16    Kevin Borton                   Exelon

17    Rod Krich                      Exelon

18    Ed Lyman                       NCI

19    John Matthews                  Morgan Lewis

20    Jim Riccio                     Greenpeace

21    Ron Simard                     NEI

22

23

24

25

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P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S

1:12 p.m.

FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. If everybody could grab a seat, we're going to get started. Good afternoon and welcome to the NRC's Public Workshop on some specific issues related to a possible license application by the Exelon Corporation for a Pebble Bed Modular Reactor.

My name is Chip Cameron, and I'm the Special Counsel for Public Liaison, in the Office of General Counsel, here at the Commission. It's my pleasure to serve as your facilitator for today's meeting.

I just wanted to cover a few items about meeting process before we get into the substance of today's discussion. The first thing I'd like to talk about, briefly, is what are the objectives for today's meeting.

The first objective is to give the public information on several issues that have been raised in the prelicense application review on an Exelon Pebble Bed Modular Reactor, as well as information on the prelicense application review process, generally.

And the second objective is to listen to any concerns or suggestions that you might have on

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1 these issues so that the NRC can factor those  
2 comments, those suggestions, those concerns into it's  
3 evaluation process.

4 In terms of the format for the meeting,  
5 we're going to have a number of brief NRC staff  
6 presentations on the individual issues and then we'll  
7 go to a discussion on that issue with all of you out  
8 there. I think it's worth emphasizing that today's  
9 meeting is a discussion with the public on these  
10 issues, as opposed to a meeting between the NRC and a  
11 perspective license applicant. So, we encourage  
12 discussion and comment from everyone in the audience.

13 We do have representatives from Exelon and  
14 from other parts of the Nuclear Industry, the Nuclear  
15 Energy Institute. They will also be participating in  
16 the discussion. Because Exelon will have pertinent  
17 information that you'll be interested in on these  
18 issues, after the NRC Staff presentation on each  
19 issue, I'm going out to the folks from Exelon to see  
20 if they have any further amplification, question,  
21 whatever, on that issue, and then we'll go out to the  
22 rest of the audience.

23 Ground rules, very simple. I would just  
24 ask that only one person at a time speak. We are  
25 taking a transcript of the meeting. One person at a

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1 time will obviously allow us to get a clean  
2 transcript. More importantly, it will allow us to  
3 give our full attention to whoever has the floor, at  
4 the time. I would like to make sure that everybody  
5 gets a chance to talk. So, I would just ask you to be  
6 concise in your remarks.

7 The last ground rule, such as it is, is if  
8 you do have anything to say, just give me the "hi"  
9 sign and I'll either bring you this talking stick or  
10 there are the floor mikes here. Just again, say your  
11 name and affiliation, if appropriate, for the  
12 transcript.

13 The agenda is devoted to a number of  
14 specific issues. There are copies of the agenda and  
15 other information outside on the table, if you don't  
16 have any of those yet.

17 We realize there may be other concerns;  
18 concerns other or issues other than the ones that are  
19 listed on the agenda that relate to NRC  
20 responsibilities. There may be other concerns outside  
21 that, but, we do want to hear what people have to say  
22 on those other issues. So, we'll try to hear that  
23 too.

24 The primary focus is to discuss the issues  
25 on the agenda for today's meeting. If something comes

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1 up that would be more appropriately discussed at  
2 another part of the agenda, we'll just note that in  
3 the parking lot here, and we'll be sure to go back and  
4 cover those before we adjourn today. We will try to  
5 get everybody out of here by 5:00 p.m.

6 I'd like to just introduce the NRC Staff  
7 who are going to be making presentation today, so that  
8 you know who they are. And, I can go through the  
9 agenda this way, too. We are going to start out with  
10 some opening remarks from Marsha Gamberoni. Marsha  
11 is the Deputy Director of the New Reactor Licensing  
12 Project Office at the NRC.

13 Then we're going to go and try to give you  
14 some context on this whole business. Amy Cubbage,  
15 who's right here, is going to talk about some  
16 background issues. Amy is a Project Manager. She's  
17 the Project Manager for the Pebble Bed Modular  
18 Reactor, in the New Reactor Licensing Project Office.

19 Next, we're going to go to our first block  
20 of issues. The first issue is number of licenses.  
21 Jerry Wilson, who's the Senior Policy Analyst, again,  
22 in the New Reactor Licensing Project Office, is going  
23 to talk about that.

24 We're then going to go to the annual fee  
25 issue. Glenda Jackson, who's right up here in front,

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1 who's the Assistant for Fee Policy and Rules, in the  
2 Office of our Chief Financial Officer. Glenda will  
3 talk about that.

4 Then we're going to go back to Jerry  
5 again, for testing of new design features. After were  
6 through with those, and of course, after each one of  
7 those, we'll go out to you for questions and comments.

8 After we're through with that set of  
9 issues, we'll take a short break and then we're going  
10 to come back for another set of issues. Fuel cycle  
11 issues will be done by Dennis Allison, who's right  
12 over there. Dennis is with our Office of Nuclear  
13 Reactor Regulation. He's sharing that topic with Tim  
14 Harris, who's with our Office of Nuclear Material  
15 Safety and Safeguard. Tim is right over here.

16 We're next going to go to Operator  
17 Staffing. Clare Goodman, who's right here, is going  
18 to talk about that. Clare is a Senior Human Factors  
19 Specialist in our Office of Nuclear Reactor  
20 Regulation. She's in the Operator License and Human  
21 Performance section.

22 We're then going to go to financial  
23 issues. We have Janice Moore, who's right up here, at  
24 the table. Janice is the Assistant General Counsel  
25 for Reactor Programs, in the Office of General

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1 Counsel.

2 We're also going to hear from Mike  
3 Dusaniwskyj, he's right here. Then Mike's also going  
4 to cover decommissioning funding.

5 All right. You can see we have a lot to  
6 do. One of the things that I think that this staff is  
7 going to try to do, sort of as an overarching issue,  
8 is to give you an idea of some of these issues that  
9 are going to be discussed; how are those issues going  
10 to be resolved? What's the regulatory vehicle for the  
11 resolution of those issues?

12 And I guess with that, I just would thank  
13 you all for being here. Marsha.

14 MS. GAMBERONI: I'd like to welcome  
15 everyone to our workshop on legal and financial issues  
16 associated with licensing new plants. As Chip  
17 mentioned, I'm Marsha Gamberoni, the Deputy Director,  
18 in the New Reactor Licensing Project Office, in NRR.

19 I really wanted to emphasize the purpose  
20 of this workshop; and that's to discuss the issues  
21 that were addressed in SECY-01-0207. If anyone needs  
22 a copy of that for referencing today, I think there's  
23 some available out on the table.

24 That SECY is a legal and financial issues  
25 related to Exelon's Pebble Bed Modular Reactor and

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1 these issues also include staff's -- the issues  
2 discussed in that paper are the staff's initial review  
3 of the white paper, submitted by Exelon, last May, as  
4 well as some additional issues identified by the  
5 staff.

6 Amy covers the Project Manager in NRR for  
7 the pebble bed modular reactor. We'll go into more  
8 detail regarding the background of those issues.

9 With our teams success today, will be  
10 stakeholders having an understanding of the status of  
11 the staff's review of each of these issues. And, for  
12 the staff to obtain input from stakeholders, on each  
13 of these issues.

14 Just going back a bit, we had a general  
15 workshop last summer, that I characterize as an  
16 introductory workshop to give stakeholders an overview  
17 on a number of high level activities associated with  
18 licensing new plants. As stated in that workshop, we  
19 planned on additional workshops to ensure effective  
20 communications as specific issues developed. We will  
21 schedule additional workshops depending on the level  
22 of interest on any specific topic.

23 But, before I turn the floor over to Amy,  
24 I wanted to highlight some of the other communication  
25 tools we're using to reach out to stakeholders. All

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1 of our meetings with industry applicants or potential  
2 applicants are public meetings. We have been  
3 offering, at those public meeting, an opportunity for  
4 public comments. The meeting notices have stated  
5 this. We've also handed out the public meeting forms,  
6 which I believe are back there also today, to obtain  
7 feedback on these meetings.

8 An example of this, is the meeting  
9 tomorrow, from 9:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m., on PBMR, that  
10 cover technical issues such as fuel qualifications and  
11 early site permits. It's in T3B45, in this building.

12 I also want to note our specific web page  
13 for New Reactor Licensing activities, is still in the  
14 process of being reviewed, as part of our overall  
15 review of the NRC site. We, personally, in New  
16 Reactor Licensing Project Office, are anxious to get  
17 that web page up because it was a benefit and a useful  
18 tool for us. Right now, our current schedule or the  
19 agencies current schedule, to get that out, is May.

20 With that, I'll turn it over to Amy.

21 MS. CUBBAGE: Thank you. Before I get  
22 started, I'd like to point out Stuart Rubin, in the  
23 audience. He's the Project Manager in the Office of  
24 Research, who has overall responsibility for the PBMR  
25 preapplication review.

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1 I'm going to take a few minutes to provide  
2 some background information on the PBMR preapplication  
3 review, before we start to discuss the specific  
4 issues.

5 The Pebble Bed Modular Reactor, or PBMR,  
6 is being considered for licensing in the United  
7 States, by Exelon Generation Company. The PBMR is a  
8 modular, gas-cooled reactor design. Each reactor or  
9 module will generate, approximately, 110 to 140  
10 megawatts electric. A PBMR facility would consist of  
11 up to ten reactor modules.

12 Exelon has indicated that they plan to  
13 submit an application for combined license, or COL,  
14 for a PBMR facility in early 2004. The preapplication  
15 review of the PBMR design began in April, 2001. Since  
16 then, we've held monthly meetings between NRC, Exelon,  
17 the Department of Energy, and interested stakeholders.  
18 Meetings have focused on legal and financial issues,  
19 Exelon's proposed licensing approach, and also,  
20 identification of key technical safety and policy  
21 issues.

22 In a May 10, 2001, letter Exelon provided  
23 positions on legal and financial issues related to  
24 modular plants, gas-cooled reactors, and merchant  
25 plants, and requested staff review of these issues.

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1           On November 20, 2001, the staff issued  
2       SECY-01-0207. This paper provides preliminary staff  
3       positions on these issues identified by Exelon and  
4       related issues identified by the staff.

5           The purpose of today's workshop is to  
6       communicate the staff positions on these issues and  
7       seek stakeholder feedback. Comments on the issues  
8       discussed in the SECY paper, can also be provided in  
9       writing by April 10th, to my address as indicated.  
10      Final policy recommendations on these issues will be  
11      provided to the Commission in June, 2002. The PBMR  
12      preapplication review is scheduled to continue into  
13      2003.

14           At this time, I'll turn it over to Jerry  
15      Wilson, to start the discussion with the first issue.

16           FACILITATOR CAMERON: Amy, can I just  
17      check in with people before we go to Jerry. Is there  
18      any questions about the preapplication review  
19      schedules, or anything that Amy went into, before we  
20      go on?

21           Okay, and this is not your last  
22      opportunity to ask questions of that type, if  
23      something comes up during today's discussion.

24           Thank you very much, Amy. Jerry.

25           MR. WILSON: Thank you.

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1 (Slide change)

2 MR. WILSON: In their papers, Exelon made  
3 a proposal that they are going to apply for a single  
4 combined license, to license multiple pebble bed  
5 modular reactors on one site. And, so the issue  
6 before the NRC is, could we issue a single license for  
7 multiple reactors.

8 By the way, I want to add that Janice  
9 Moore of the General Counsels Office, will be  
10 assisting me in the discussion of this issue.

11 (Slide change)

12 MR. WILSON: We reviewed the Atomic Energy  
13 Act and the NRC's regulations, and came to the  
14 conclusion that the Commission could combine into one  
15 license, individual combined licenses that would allow  
16 construction and operation of multiple reactors of the  
17 same design.

18 However, we see a number of problems with  
19 that approach. We've discussed that in our paper.  
20 One of the problems is that single combined license,  
21 under the Atomic Energy Act, has a limited duration of  
22 40 years. So, obviously, the decision was made to  
23 build multiple plants under that one license, then  
24 some of those plants would have a significantly  
25 shortened operating life.

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1 Another concern of the staff is that if  
2 you granted a single license for a particular design  
3 to be built multiple times over that licensed life,  
4 you are in effect, are granting a design approval for  
5 that particular design; something similar to what we  
6 do on our other provisions and our regulations where  
7 you get a design approval and different applicants are  
8 able to reference it and build that particular design.  
9 That type of an approach is always had a time duration  
10 limit on it.

11 Our current policy, in fact, for design  
12 approvals, under, pending two of our regulations, is  
13 to limit those design approvals to a five year  
14 duration. So, if we granted a single license for  
15 multiple reactors, then that would, in effect, be  
16 approving that design for 40 years, which is clearly  
17 in violation of our policy on design approvals. And  
18 so what we stated in the papers is that we would see  
19 a need, if that approach was used, to somehow limit  
20 the duration of that design approval. We're  
21 recommending, at this point, that it be limited to  
22 five years, consistent with our current policy on  
23 design approvals.

24 Those are two of the major concerns we see  
25 with this approach. Also, we note in our paper that

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1 it's not clear that the benefits that Exelon is  
2 seeking from getting a single license, would come  
3 along with that approach. Examples discussed in the  
4 paper is issues such as Price-Anderson, retrospective  
5 premium payments, which I understand will be discussed  
6 later.

7 So, with that Chip, why don't I open it up  
8 for discussion.

9 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Great. Let's ask if  
10 any of the Exelon folks have anything that they want  
11 to add based on what they heard?

12 MR. SIMARD: I am Ron Simard from NEI, and  
13 we've been talking with Exelon because their  
14 application is just one example of the modular designs  
15 that are on the drawing boards now.

16 We've been looking at some of these issues  
17 and we think it's possible to achieve a single  
18 hearing, a single application, a single proceeding, a  
19 40 year lifetime for each of the modules at this  
20 plant, a single facility, as defined under Price-  
21 Anderson, and a single facility that would lend itself  
22 to Part 171 annual fees. Our thinking on it is coming  
23 together and we're going to share what we think is  
24 possible with the NRC staff in a white paper, that  
25 basically takes an integrated approach.

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1           If you look at the tentacles that this has  
2           into all the regulations, like Part 171 on fees, or  
3           the other regulations on indemnity protection and so  
4           forth, I think it's necessary to look at this in an  
5           integrated way. That's the way we've approached it,  
6           and hope it will help the thinking on this if we send  
7           this white paper.

8           Let me make an observation that may help  
9           the way we think about that second bullet. As Jerry  
10          pointed out, we need to look at this in a different  
11          way now. We've always talked about licenses to  
12          manufacture or design, or certifications for design  
13          that would be built by different people, at different  
14          times, at different places.

15          What's different about this, is we're  
16          talking about a series of modules that are going to be  
17          built at the same site, by the same applicant.  
18          They're going to be linked through a common control  
19          room. We're looking at it from the point of view, how  
20          can we maintain standardization over that set of  
21          modules, in terms of the way they are fabricated,  
22          perhaps off site, the way they're constructed, the way  
23          they're operated, and in terms of NRC's regulatory  
24          oversight.

25          Our objective is to have, if eventually

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1 you're going to link ten modules at a site, our  
2 objective is to have the same current licensing basis  
3 and so forth. Let me just ask as you think about it.  
4 Think about a ten module site.

5 Let's assume that an applicant is able to  
6 bring one module a year on line. Start the clock  
7 running at T=0 with the combine license. Let's say  
8 it's three years later, T=3. Three years later, the  
9 first module comes on line. It would be four years  
10 later, the fifth module is coming on line. If we had  
11 to re-evaluate the design every five years, the fifth  
12 module and tenth modules would be subject to this sort  
13 of thing.

14 So without getting into, you know, the  
15 right way of doing this now, let me just ask that you  
16 think about it in terms like that, as a way of  
17 highlighting some of the practical difficulties we  
18 have in reaching those basic objectives of maintaining  
19 standardization across the ten modules.

20 Thank you.

21 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Thank you,  
22 Ron.

23 So, that's one thing to note. There is  
24 going to be a white paper on this issue.

25 Does the NRC, Jerry, or anybody, do you

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1 have any questions in regard to what Ron just said?

2 MR. WILSON: Well, somewhat of a comment  
3 more than a question, and that is that we have been  
4 thinking about this. The concern is that time  
5 duration, staying with the example that Mr. Simard  
6 gave. You have to remember, once that initial plant  
7 starts operating, operating experience will becoming  
8 available. Also, during this time period, new  
9 regulations may arise.

10 So, we have to remember there's an  
11 important safety issue here, when we're talking about  
12 design approvals extended over a long period of time.  
13 If there's gaps in that time period between the first  
14 couple of plants and then subsequent plants, how would  
15 you be able to factor in information from operating  
16 experience, or new regulations that may come up from  
17 other experience? I think we need to be able to do  
18 that.

19 That's an important aspect of why design  
20 durations have always been limited in the past. From  
21 our perspective, there's an important safety issue  
22 here.

23 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Thanks,  
24 Jerry.

25 Anybody else on this issue, any questions

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1       you want to ask about it, or any comments?

2               Let's go over here to Rod.

3               MR. KRICH:   Rod Krich, Exelon.   Jerry,  
4       that same issue is done today with plants or was done  
5       back when plants were being built.   And new safety  
6       issues that came up got incorporated into the new  
7       plants as well as were backfit on the old plants, if  
8       in fact, it was a safety issue.   So, I don't see that  
9       there is an issue there.

10              MR. WILSON:   Well, my point is that if  
11       there was a design approval, that design would expire.  
12       If it came in for a renewal or a new design came in,  
13       that new design would have to meet current  
14       requirements.   And also, our review would be based on  
15       operating experience that had taken place prior to  
16       that.   So, we don't want to lose that in the overall  
17       process here.

18              FACILITATOR CAMERON:   Let me just quickly  
19       ask Ron.   You've heard this discussion, Rod's comment,  
20       will this issue be something that you could address,  
21       will address in the white paper?

22              MR. SIMARD:   Yes.

23              FACILITATOR CAMERON:   Okay, good.   Jim, do  
24       you have a question or comment, at this point?

25              MR. RICCIO:   Hi, I'm Jim Riccio, with

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1 Greenpeace. I guess our concerns are that, given the  
2 fact that this is basically an experiment, that you  
3 don't have any real operating experiences with this  
4 reactor design. You're applying for a license prior  
5 to even full testing being done in South Africa. I  
6 think we would want to give the NRC the flexibility to  
7 make changes, even after you've approved one design on  
8 this.

9 Obviously, we don't like this design, at  
10 all. We don't think it should be licensed, and  
11 apparently there are others that don't think so  
12 either. To kind of make the NRC hop through the  
13 hurdles of having to do a backfit for design, which is  
14 basically an experiment, doesn't seem to be  
15 appropriate.

16 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Thanks, Jim.  
17 NRC noted that issue, also.

18 Anybody else on this particular issue  
19 before we go on to the fee issue? And again, we'll  
20 keep moving through these. If we need to or have time  
21 to circle back and address anything, we'll do that.

22 MS. GAMBERONI: Chip, before you go on.  
23 Do you have the current date of that white paper the  
24 NEI's planning on submitting?

25 FACILITATOR CAMERON: This is an

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1 anticipated date of submission for the white paper.

2 MR. SIMARD: I noted Amy's statement  
3 earlier, that you'd like to have stakeholder input by  
4 April 10th. So, that's sort of the drop dead date.  
5 Sooner than that, if we can.

6 MS. GAMBERONI: Okay. Thanks.

7 FACILITATOR CAMERON: It is a good example  
8 of a performance requirement, I guess, soon. Anyway,  
9 thank you.

10 Okay. Let's go to Glenda Jackson, Annual  
11 Fees.

12 MS. JACKSON: Good afternoon. Exelon had  
13 raised the issue of the annual fees in the case of  
14 multiple modular reactors, indicating that they  
15 believed that it was not reasonable to assess a  
16 separate annual fee for each modular reactor. Also  
17 indicating that, that would have the effect of  
18 penalizing Exelon for choosing a modular design.

19 I'm going to give just a brief background  
20 on the laws that govern our fees now, just to give the  
21 audience some idea of the basis for our fees. We  
22 actually have two major laws that govern our fees.  
23 The first one being the Independent Offices  
24 Appropriation Act of 1952. This fee under that law  
25 are covered under 10 CFR Part 170. Primarily, they

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1 are fees assessed for our licensing reviews and  
2 inspections.

3 The law says that the fee should recover  
4 agency's cost of providing any service or thing of  
5 value to identifiable recipients. That each charge  
6 should be fair and based on the cost of providing the  
7 service. And then the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation  
8 Act of 1990 requires us to assess those fees.

9 With regard to the Omnibus Budget  
10 Reconciliation of 1990 and its amendments, those fees  
11 are assessed under Part 171. They are our annual  
12 fees. The OBRA 90 requires us, as I said, to recover  
13 the IOAA fees.

14 Then, pretty much, the remainder of our  
15 budget is to be recovered through annual fees. There  
16 was a recent amendment to the law that allows us to  
17 reduce the fee recovery amount by two percent a year.  
18 So, for 2002, we're down to 96 percent. We will reach  
19 90 percent in 2005. That's what the law says, that it  
20 will be reduced two percent a year until we reach 90  
21 percent in 2005.

22 The annual fees are to be assessed to  
23 licensees, not to applicants, to recover the cost not  
24 recovered through the IOAA fees. The aggregate amount  
25 of the charges must be fairly and equitably allocated

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1 among the licensees or classes of licensees, to the  
2 maximum extent practical.

3 The annual fees must reasonably reflect  
4 the cost of providing the services to the licensees or  
5 the classes of licensees. Those licensees who require  
6 the greatest expenditure of our resources should pay  
7 the greatest annual charge.

8 That's just a little background on how we  
9 get to the annual fees. With regard to the issues  
10 raised related to modular units in the pebble bed, we  
11 do not currently have in our fee regulations, in the  
12 annual fee regulations, any reference to combine  
13 licenses under Part 52.

14 In the SECY that was referenced earlier,  
15 we advised the Commission that we were going to be  
16 including in our proposed FY2002 Fee Rule, a revision  
17 to Part 171 to specifically authorize us to assess  
18 annual fees to combined license holders. The proposed  
19 rule is now actually being published in the Federal  
20 Register, today.

21 We are proposing to a change to Part 171  
22 to specifically include combined licenses issued under  
23 Part 52, to indicate the assessment of those annual  
24 fees, would begin only after the construction had been  
25 completed, all regulatory requirements have been met,

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1 and the Commission has authorized operation of the  
2 reactor.

3 We're also clarifying in this rule, that  
4 annual fees are assessed per license and not per unit.  
5 The language currently in the rule says per unit.  
6 But, actually we assess fees per license.

7 At this time, the NRC is not proposing an  
8 annual fee amount or indicating whether there would be  
9 a separate category for these types of licenses. We  
10 are not sure how this is all going to work out, how  
11 many licenses would be issued, what the regulatory  
12 requirements are going to be. So, those decisions  
13 will be deferred until the information is known.

14 Chip?

15 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Excellent. Kevin,  
16 any comments on that?

17 MR. BORTON: Yes, this is Kevin Borton  
18 from Exelon Generation. We've looked at the SECY  
19 proposal and we found it to be understandable. We  
20 also understand the NRC's position about gaining  
21 additional information about specific sites before  
22 they could assess fees. So, in general, we agree with  
23 the position that the NRC has currently, on that  
24 issue.

25 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Just one

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1 clarification from the Facilitator, is there a  
2 proposed rule out already?

3 MS. JACKSON: Yes, it's published today in  
4 the Federal Register.

5 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay.

6 MS. JACKSON: I haven't actually seen a  
7 copy, but I understand it was published.

8 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Glenda, when's the  
9 comment period closed?

10 MS. JACKSON: It would be 30 days from  
11 today's date. So, it will probably be April 26th.

12 FACILITATOR: Okay. Any other comments on  
13 the fee issue?

14 Okay. Thank you very much, Glenda. Just  
15 to reiterate, there is a proposed rule out in the  
16 Federal Register. The comment period will close  
17 approximately the end of April.

18 All right. Let's go back to Jerry Wilson,  
19 to talk about testing of new design features.

20 MR. WILSON: Thank you, Chip. The origin  
21 of this issue goes to a letter Exelon sent in May 25,  
22 2001, where they talked about their licensing plan for  
23 the pebble bed modular reactor. In that letter, they  
24 indicated that there were plans to do demonstration  
25 testing for this design on a prototype pebble bed

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1 reactor in South Africa. It was also indicated in  
2 that letter, that Exelon assumed that they could get  
3 a combined license to build the pebble bed reactor  
4 here in the United States prior to completion of that  
5 demonstration testing.

6 So, with that in mind, the issue before  
7 the staff is, should a combined license be issued  
8 before completion of all testing necessary to  
9 demonstrate the performance of the safety features in  
10 this new design?

11 (Slide change)

12 MR. WILSON: Now, the staff's position on  
13 this; I think the origin goes back to the advanced  
14 reactor policy statement that the Commission issued in  
15 July 8, 1986. In there, the Commission stated that,  
16 as a matter of policy, they require a proof of  
17 performance testing for all advanced reactor designs.  
18 When they said that, they were speaking of new safety  
19 related component systems or structures. They also  
20 pointed out that the type of testing would be design  
21 dependent.

22 Now, this issue of testing for advanced  
23 reactors became our principle issue on the creation of  
24 the licensing processes, in Part 52, which was issued  
25 in 1989. At that time, the principle focus of

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1 discussion amongst the industry was design  
2 certification. So, that was also the focus in writing  
3 that rule.

4 In there, there's a provision in Part 52  
5 about qualification testing for certified standard  
6 designs. It has, as you'll see; by the way were  
7 talking about Section 5247(e), of Part 52. It talks  
8 about separate affects test, integral system tests,  
9 or, even possibly, a prototype plant, that would do  
10 this type of testing. Once again, the Commission's  
11 goal here, is that new design features would be  
12 demonstrated to be able to perform as predicted in the  
13 safety analysis for that time.

14 With the issue arising with pebble bed, we  
15 recognize that there was an oversight in Part 52. It  
16 didn't cover custom plant designs but only certified  
17 designs. So, we're developing a proposed rule, right  
18 now, to update Part 52. One of the issues were  
19 looking at in that development is correcting that  
20 oversight, such that the requirement for demonstration  
21 testing covers all advanced reactor designs.

22 We have released draft ruling, which is on  
23 our rulemaking website. It has a provision dealing  
24 with that issue on the draft ruling. I anticipate  
25 that there may be some sort of a provision in our

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1 proposed rule, which I expect will be issued in the  
2 not to distant future. This particular matter will be  
3 considered by the Commission and can be commented on  
4 during the comment period.

5 Why don't I turn it over to you, Chip?

6 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Thank you,  
7 Jerry. Yes?

8 MR. BELL: My name is Russell Bell and I'm  
9 with the Nuclear Energy Institute. Part 52 certainly  
10 requires this sort of demonstration testing for  
11 certified designs. The question is, should the  
12 similar requirements be applied to applicants for  
13 combined licenses?

14 I think just to correct the question that  
15 was on Jerry's previous slide, should a combined  
16 license be issued before completion of all testing  
17 necessary to demonstrate. "All" is always a strong  
18 word. No matter what plant we're talking about,  
19 there's extensive startup testing that every new  
20 nuclear power unit needs to go through as a condition  
21 of its license and successfully complete. Certainly,  
22 that's the case in "all", for all units. I can use  
23 the word "all" in that case. I just wanted to clarify  
24 that.

25 We think that there was a conscience

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1 decision to apply a requirement for demonstration in  
2 prototype testing for design certifications and not  
3 for combined license applications, in the original  
4 rule by the Commission, at the time. That it was a  
5 conscience decision, not an oversight, as Jerry  
6 indicated.

7 Our sense of that derives from the  
8 statements of consideration, where the Commission  
9 recognize that a prototype testing would overly, and  
10 unnecessarily burden perspective applicants and  
11 discourage bringing the market of innovative, new  
12 designs. They explicitly envisioned licensing the  
13 prototype.

14 The alternative would be to get the design  
15 certification. First, satisfy those requirements.  
16 Then, in serial fashion, go to the combined license  
17 process, construct, then operate the plant.

18 That's not the only way to get a license  
19 under Part 52. You can go directly to the combined  
20 license phase. And, at that point, the NRC has  
21 significant authority to request as much information  
22 as is needed for them to make their safety  
23 determination. That authority exists today.

24 Our point would be, or our sense is that,  
25 no new requirements for combined license applicants

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1 are necessary in this area that the NRC has authority  
2 already, including the ability to impose a condition  
3 on the license that would require completion of a  
4 series of demonstration tests of any innovative safety  
5 features, to insure completion of that testing, prior  
6 to operation of that unit.

7 So, our sense is that no new requirements  
8 are needed. Further, that this issue is not an  
9 oversight, it was conscience and was dealt with in the  
10 original rule. There's a question in our minds  
11 whether the issue should be reopened in the upcoming  
12 rulemaking.

13 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Thank you,  
14 Russ. We're going to go to Jim, in a minute.

15 Jerry, do you have any questions, any  
16 clarification you need in regard to what Russ said?

17 MR. WILSON: Just make it clear that I  
18 don't agree with Mr. Bell's interpretation. But, the  
19 rulemaking will give the Commission an opportunity to  
20 make this issue clear. I don't know what its  
21 intention is with regard to what I call qualification  
22 testing and new safety features.

23 Our expectation is that you have a new  
24 design feature, but which there isn't previous  
25 experience that that feature would have to be

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1 qualified through some sort of a testing program.  
2 That testing would have to be done before the  
3 Commission would issue a license.

4 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Thank you.

5 MR. RICCIO: I don't mean to get redundant  
6 on you, but again, given that is an experimental  
7 reactor, it would seem only reasonable that you would  
8 do thorough testing.

9 I would recommend for anyone here to take  
10 a look at the Powers Trip Report, from October, 2001,  
11 which calls into question the certifiability or the  
12 license ability of this reactor design, here in the  
13 States. This reactor design thoroughly abandons all  
14 the defense indepth characteristics that exist on the  
15 current reactor designs and it's supplementing them  
16 with a test reactor in South Africa, which is  
17 continually being tweaked by even the South African  
18 government.

19 It would only seem logical and prudent  
20 that if you were to go ahead and attempt to build this  
21 design, that you would at least test it first.

22 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Thanks, Jim.

23 I'm going to put the Powers Trip Report up  
24 here in the parking lot. You're using it to  
25 illustrate a point about need for testing. I'm not

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1       sure that people know exactly what the Powers Trip  
2       Report is and maybe we can go back to this later and  
3       get a description of it, unless you want to give us  
4       one right now?

5               MR. RICCIO:     I guess I just have a  
6       question for the staff as to whether or not the  
7       defense indepth philosophy is actually a legal issue  
8       or is that just past history?

9               FACILITATOR CAMERON:     Jerry, do you  
10      understand what Jim is asking?

11              MR. WILSON:   I'm not sure what you mean by  
12      a legal issue, but certainly defense indepth is an  
13      important part of the NRC's review philosophy. We  
14      certainly consider that when we are evaluating new  
15      designs.

16              MS. GAMBERONI:   Chip, just let me mention  
17      that, you know, the staff is aware of the reference  
18      that Mr. Riccio is making due. This letter or Trip  
19      Report from Powers and some of the technical issues  
20      that are raised in there, we are looking at.

21              As I mentioned, there is a meeting  
22      tomorrow. At these periodic meetings with Exelon,  
23      we're looking at the technical issues and reviewing  
24      them. So, some of these issues that are raised in  
25      there will be covered during those periodic meetings

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1 with Exelon.

2 FACILITATOR CAMERON: And just for  
3 clarification, since we might as well get this off the  
4 table now. What is this, true as powers? What's a  
5 Trip Report and is it available to people?

6 MR. RUBIN: The Powers Trip Report is a  
7 report written by Dana Powers, member of the ACRS,  
8 following his participation in an October workshop  
9 that the NRC conducted with a number experts in HTGR's  
10 and regulatory oversight in advanced reactors. The  
11 purpose of that meeting was to illicit safety issues  
12 that might be associated with high temperature  
13 reactors and research needs.

14 The work and the ideas that came out of  
15 that workshop were documented by the staff, in its own  
16 workshop summary report. Dana Powers, who was a  
17 member of the workshop, wrote his own Trip Report, if  
18 you will, on his views and insights that he took away  
19 from that workshop.

20 I think if you compare the summary that  
21 was prepared by the staff, in terms of the issues that  
22 were identified at the workshop, they're very much  
23 similar and expanding upon what Dana Powers had in his  
24 summary report. I would say that all of that is being  
25 factored into the NRC's advanced reactor research plan

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1 to sweep up all of the issues that came out of the  
2 workshop, including Dana's issues. It's all for to  
3 the extent where you can address those issues.

4 We'll be meeting with Exelon as we go  
5 through the preapplication review to address these  
6 issues. In so far as defense indepth is concerned, it  
7 is a very important issue for advanced reactors. The  
8 way you balance defense across prevention protection,  
9 mitigation, and emergency response is somewhat  
10 different than advanced high temperature reactors and  
11 light water reactors.

12 That is something the staff is placing a  
13 lot of emphasis on and we're continuing to evaluate  
14 that. We're very much understanding of Dana's  
15 concerns and we continue to look at that.

16 As the design becomes more apparent,  
17 there's more information becomes available, we'll be  
18 in a better position to evaluate that issue.

19 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Keep in mind  
20 that the report came up in the context of whether how  
21 much testing needs to be done. There may be further  
22 discussion to be had on the report itself or defense  
23 indepth, later on.

24 Let me check in and see if anybody has  
25 anything else. Rod?

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1 MR. KRICH: Rod Krich, Exelon. Just to  
2 clarify, that workshop was for all gas-cooled, was  
3 actually for advanced designs, including steam cycle,  
4 gas-cooled reactors. I just want to be clear, it  
5 wasn't just looking at PBMR type designs.

6 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Let the  
7 transcript note that Stu was agreeing with that  
8 comment.

9 Okay. Ron or Kevin?

10 MR. SIMARD: I just wanted to say, there's  
11 one point in which we're in agreement with Mr. Riccio.  
12 I never thought I'd be saying this, but the issue is  
13 not going into commercial operation of this plant,  
14 without having thoroughly demonstrated the unique, new  
15 safety features through test or design or whatever.  
16 The issue is up there on the screen. Do you have to  
17 require all this to be done prior to issuance of a  
18 license or, as we have always done in the past, as  
19 part of the start up and operation, before you go to  
20 full power, do you demonstrate it? That's the issue.

21 So, we're not disagreeing on the basic  
22 premiss, that you need thorough assurance that these  
23 features would perform.

24 FACILITATOR CAMERON: And Kevin?

25 MR. BORTON: Kevin Borton from Exelon.

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1 Let me first state that our position was to present to  
2 the NRC, adequate experience regarding the pebble bed  
3 reactor and some of the principles behind this type of  
4 design. There has been a lot of research and actual  
5 20 years of operation of pebble bed reactor in  
6 Germany.

7 What we're trying to do is take a new  
8 evolutionary approach to this older design. So, what  
9 we're proposing is that we're going to bring adequate  
10 experience and information available about the proof  
11 of concept for this type of design.

12 Our testing that we're planning, beyond  
13 that, will be confirmatory in nature. To confirm that  
14 the evolutionary design and some of our principles due  
15 match up with our earlier data and experience.

16 I guess the other point that I would like  
17 to make is that there is a clear, we agree with NEI,  
18 I think there is a clear distinction between design  
19 certification and COL when it comes to looking at this  
20 area of testing. The design certification is  
21 effective for 15 years. Anyone can incorporate by  
22 reference to a design certification by any applicant  
23 without further NRC review.

24 There is a lot of backfit protection  
25 afforded by design certification. In contrast with

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1 the COL, it's only for single facility with a single  
2 applicant and all subsequent facilities need to be re-  
3 reviewed by the NRC. There is broad authority to  
4 impose backfits on lessons learned from the earlier  
5 facilities.

6 So, it's really our point here again, and  
7 I would agree with NEI again, that the issue is, is  
8 what type of testing is required prior to COL  
9 approval? And that we're asking for us the right to  
10 go ahead and do confirmatory testing, either during  
11 NRC review of the COL, or afterwards, which is more  
12 traditional with light water reactors.

13 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Thank you.

14 Just one final note on this. As Jerry  
15 pointed out, the regulatory mechanism for the closure  
16 on this issue is going to be a rulemaking. There will  
17 be a proposed rule out on Part 52 covering a number of  
18 issues. One of those issues will be the custom design  
19 issue that we're talking about now. Comment will be  
20 invited on that issue.

21 Anybody else here have anything to say on  
22 testing of new designs?

23 Do you want to say one further thing?

24 MR. BORTON: Kevin Borton. Just one final  
25 note. I don't recall if you mentioned earlier or not,

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1 but we did propose, in writing, we put a letter in  
2 November 27, 2001, regarding these issues. It talks  
3 about the statements of consideration and some other  
4 provisions like Reg Guide 170, which are adequate to  
5 allow this type of testing.

6 MR. KRICH: One more quick question,  
7 Jerry.

8 This is Rod Krich with Exelon. To do  
9 prototype testing you have to have a prototype plant  
10 and to get a prototype plant you have to have a  
11 license. So, there's a dual loop here, an error, I  
12 think, in part of your argument.

13 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay, and we're  
14 going to go right over here to this gentleman.

15 MR. PARME: Larry Parme, General Atomics  
16 Company. I would just like to also add to the words  
17 that NEI and Exelon have meant. That I think, Jerry,  
18 we are quite concerned in our own work on advanced  
19 reactors, at the proposal for rulemaking, that you  
20 have described.

21 It seems to me, in experience coming up  
22 here, that there has always been a difference in  
23 talking about the kind of testing and development  
24 programs that gives you a high level of confidence  
25 that the safety systems will work. And later,

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1 confirmatory testing, acceptance testing, if you will,  
2 after the start up of a plant, with a license.

3 We're very concerned that what you are  
4 proposing here, could make the deployment of advanced  
5 reactors, that we believe could give the safety beyond  
6 the safety of reactors today, that it could be very  
7 negative to the further development and deployment of  
8 these.

9 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Let's do one  
10 final comment on this issue and then we can move on.

11 Let's go to Jim Riccio.

12 MR. RICCIO: Sorry, I didn't mean to leave  
13 out General Atomics. There's a couple of things that  
14 seem to be needing to be addressed. You have the  
15 Powers Trip Report which calls into question the  
16 certifiability of this reactor design. You have the  
17 ACR's letter from several years ago, which called  
18 reactors that lacked these containments or similar  
19 confinements, a major safety trade off.

20 We're moving down a path where we are  
21 talking about the licensure of reactors designs that  
22 really haven't been thoroughly been tested or really  
23 thoroughly exist despite the THTR from Germany, which  
24 I believe had an accident, right?

25 The THTR? You're talking about the AVR.

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1       Okay, sorry.

2                       It would seem that a Commission policy on  
3       whether or not a reactor without a containment should  
4       be built in this country. We are wasting a lot of  
5       people's time.

6                       FACILITATOR CAMERON: Yes, let me make  
7       sure, since that was an important point.

8                       The question that was asked, wasn't really  
9       a question but speculation, that there might have been  
10      an accident with a particular model.

11                      Rod, could you just put that on the  
12      record, what you said to Jim?

13                      MR. KRICH: This is Rod Krich with Exelon.  
14      What we've been referring to is the 20 years of  
15      experience in Germany with the AVR, which was a test  
16      reactor. It was a small reactor, but it is basically  
17      the same design as what we're talking about for the  
18      pebble bed.

19                      There was another reactor built that was  
20      much larger. It was a THTR. It ran for a couple of  
21      years and then, as my understanding is, it shut down  
22      because basically there was no market for it, at that  
23      time in Germany, or in the world.

24                      The other thing that I wanted to clarify,  
25      our design for the PBMR, includes the containment

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1 building. So, the issue of not having containment is  
2 really a red herring. Our design includes a  
3 containment building. It has included a containment  
4 building from the beginning.

5 FACILITATOR CAMERON: And the question on  
6 the accident?

7 MR. KRICH: As far as I know from the  
8 operation of THTR, which is what Mr. Riccio referred  
9 to, there was no accident there.

10 FACILITATOR CAMERON: All right. Thank  
11 you.

12 Look for this proposed rule. As Jerry  
13 said, there is a draft provision of it up on the NRC  
14 website.

15 Why don't we move on and see if we can  
16 deal with fuel cycle issues.

17 Thank you, Jerry.

18 And, I guess that Dennis are you going to  
19 -- how do you guys want to do it. Dennis, do you want  
20 to come up first? All right. Good

21 MR. ALLISON: Good afternoon. The issue  
22 that we're talking about here is simply, that we have  
23 tables S-3 and S-4, in Part 51, and what those do for  
24 the licensing process is they take off the table and  
25 specify by rule, what the environmental impacts of

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1 mining and milling and transportation are, so that  
2 it's not necessary to deal with those in each  
3 individual licensing case. They apply to LWR's but  
4 they don't apply to the pebble bed modular reactor or  
5 any other kind.

6 So, Exelon made a couple of sensible  
7 proposals in its paper. It said that Exelon will  
8 address those environmental effects for the pebble bed  
9 modular reactor in the first application. Then it  
10 said that based on the resolution, the NRC should  
11 undertake a rulemaking to create a similar tables for  
12 the pebble bed modular reactor.

13 The staff's preliminary position is first,  
14 yes we agree that we have to deal with those  
15 environmental impacts on a plant specific basis for  
16 the first pebble bed application. But, we then said  
17 that it's premature now to say just what kind of a  
18 rulemaking we might undertake once those issues are  
19 resolved.

20 I've made a note, that aside from the  
21 PBMR, the staff is now working on getting a rulemaking  
22 started to update tables S-3 and S-4, for LWR's. But,  
23 that's a different issue.

24 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Thanks, Dennis, for  
25 that overview.

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1 Kevin, Ron, any comments to start us off  
2 on that one?

3 MR. SIMARD: This is Ron Simard again. We  
4 agree with the staff about the -- it's just not timely  
5 enough for a rulemaking on the environmental impacts  
6 of gas-cooled technologies until we've got a little  
7 more experience.

8 The way we anticipate this being handled  
9 is that in the early site permit process, the  
10 environmental report has to provide some sort of  
11 bounding assessment of what these types of  
12 environmental impacts would be.

13 So, our understanding of the way this  
14 might work in the case of Part 52, is that if a COL  
15 applicant references an early site permit, he'll have  
16 the ability to, and he'll be required to demonstrate,  
17 that for this particular design the environmental  
18 impacts are in fact, bounded by the material in the  
19 early site permit.

20 Until the NRC and the industry know enough  
21 about the environmental impacts to be able to have a  
22 rulemaking, that's how we understand this would work.

23 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Dennis, any comment  
24 or question on the early site permit issue? I'm not  
25 saying you have to have one, I just want to give you

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1 an opportunity.

2 MR. ALLISON: No, it sounds like a  
3 sensible way to proceed.

4 FACILITATOR CAMERON: All right.  
5 Questions or comments on the fuel cycle issues that  
6 Dennis has been discussing?

7 Okay. Thank you, Dennis.

8 Let's next go on to Tim Harris, who's  
9 going to talk about waste confidence. Right, Tim?

10 MR HARRIS: Yes. Thanks, Chip. Good  
11 afternoon. I'd like to talk about the fuel cycle  
12 impacts as they pertain to waste confidence. The  
13 issue that Exelon put forth, was that PBMR would fall  
14 within the scope of NRC's Waste Confidence Rule.

15 Just to give you a background on waste  
16 confidence, waste confidence was a generic  
17 determination that spent fuel generated reactor could  
18 be stored safely without significant environmental  
19 impacts, at least 30 years beyond the license life of  
20 a reactor. The rule was codified in 10 CFR 51.23.

21 (Slide change)

22 MR. HARRIS: The rule was based on five  
23 findings. The first was for safe disposal capacity  
24 for spent nuclear fuel, would be technically feasible  
25 in a mined geologic repository.

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1           The second was that a geologic repository,  
2           one or more, would become available within the first  
3           quarter of the 21st century.

4           The third finding was that high level  
5           waste and spent nuclear fuel could be managed safely,  
6           until such time as a repository became available.

7           The fourth finding was, that if necessary,  
8           you could store spent nuclear fuel safely, without  
9           significant impact, at reactor sites or ISFISI's.

10          The fifth finding was that safe,  
11          independent onsite or offsite storage capacity would  
12          be available if needed.

13          The issue was whether or not Exelon needed  
14          to consider storage of spent nuclear fuel following  
15          reactor license in their environmental reports, or if  
16          the NRC needed to consider those in its NEPA actions.  
17          Just as a note that the impacts associated with  
18          storing spent nuclear fuel during operations, would be  
19          considered. The waste confidence only applies to  
20          following the license life.

21          Exelon's position was that the waste  
22          confidence decision did apply to PBMR fuel, that the  
23          waste confidence decision did not distinguish between  
24          types of fuel, that the Commission considered both LWR  
25          fuel and non-LWR fuel, and that DOE was responsible

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1 for disposal of the spent nuclear fuel.

2 A preliminary position, while closely  
3 related to the findings within waste confidence, were  
4 that for findings 1, 2, and 5. Those essentially  
5 apply to all reactors in that they basically dealt  
6 with the availability of disposal.

7 Specifically, finding number 3 related to  
8 management of spent nuclear fuel. We noted that even  
9 though the waste confidence rule was primarily based  
10 on LWR fuel, which was the predominant fuel type and  
11 continues to be the predominant fuel type, other fuels  
12 from reactors were considered, such as pebble bed fuel  
13 in non-LWR reactors.

14 The 4th finding, that dealt with non-  
15 significant impacts, were that since the time of waste  
16 confidence decision, significant experience has been  
17 gained in dry cask storage, that material degradation  
18 processes in dry cask storage are well understood, and  
19 that NRC maintain regulatory authority over the spent  
20 nuclear fuel at the installation.

21 The preliminary findings were that we  
22 agreed with Exelon that PBMR did seem to fall within  
23 the waste confidence decision. However, they noted  
24 that DOE should take, or be responsible for, disposing  
25 spent nuclear fuel. We suggested in the paper and in

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1 subsequent discussions with Exelon, that they should  
2 hold separate discussions with DOE on that issue.

3 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Thank you,  
4 Tim.

5 Any comments, questions, starting out over  
6 here with Exelon, Kevin?

7 MR. BORTON: Kevin Borton from Exelon.  
8 Exelon agrees that the PBMR is covered by 10 CFR  
9 51.23. There are some issues regarding the timing of  
10 when fresh fuel casks and spent fuel casks occur in  
11 referencing the COL. I think we would like to  
12 probably continue discussions with the NMSS regarding  
13 some of those comments in the SECY. But, all in all,  
14 as it's stated in our original position, we felt that  
15 it was within the scope of 51.23 and we agree with the  
16 NRC's position on that.

17 MR. HARRIS: Do you know the casks,  
18 Kevin, that are related to the timing and procedures  
19 associated with getting approvals of --

20 MR. BORTON: Approval of the casks, yes.

21 MR. HARRIS: Okay. I think we brought  
22 that up actually, in our initial meeting back in April  
23 of last year.

24 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Any discussion  
25 points, questions on either the waste confidence

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1 section or this last exchange on the cask  
2 certification?

3 Okay. Thank you, Tim.

4 Let's keep moving along. We'll check in  
5 a little bit and see if we need to take a break or  
6 whether you want to try and move through, so think  
7 about that.

8 We now have Clare Goodman on Human  
9 Factors. Clare is going to talk about talk about  
10 operator staffing.

11 MS. GOODMAN: Good afternoon. In the area  
12 of operating staffing requirements, there are three  
13 issues that are being considered, at this time. The  
14 first one involves a table in the regulations in 10  
15 CFR 50.54, that only covers one, two, or three, and  
16 uses the word "units". But, the regulation is silent,  
17 with respect to staffing requirements for sites with  
18 more than two units, modules, whatever, with a common  
19 control room.

20 Second, and related to that first issue,  
21 is the question, should a pebble bed facility be  
22 allowed to control more than two reactors or modules  
23 from one control room?

24 The third issue under consideration at  
25 this time, is should a pebble bed facility be allowed

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1 to operate with control room staffing complements less  
2 than would be required by individual reactor units as  
3 our regulations currently refer to them?

4 (Slide change)

5 MS. GOODMAN: The next slide gives an  
6 overview of the Exelon proposals with regard to these  
7 operator staffing requirements. Basically, it's our  
8 understanding that Exelon believes the NRC staffing,  
9 currently for light water reactors, is excessive for  
10 even the first two modules, because of the passive  
11 nature of the plants.

12 In the first bullet here, Exelon proposes  
13 that the operator staffing requirements for three or  
14 more modules, and that would be actually up to ten  
15 modules, may be controlled from a common control room.  
16 The staff, as I am going to say in the next slide,  
17 agrees that a safety justification to accomplish that,  
18 would be necessary.

19 The second bullet here, is associated with  
20 again, the regulation table in 10-54, with regard to  
21 the number of operators required per unit, per control  
22 room, or per module.

23 Lastly, the third bullet is proposed  
24 basically, in order to avoid duplicate reviews in  
25 subsequent pebble bed reactor reviews.

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1           On the next slide, we summarize the  
2 preliminary staff position. We certainly agree with  
3 the applicant or Exelon, the need to provide a safety  
4 justification for operating more than two modules from  
5 one common control room. The staff also agrees that  
6 an exemption for alternate level staffing, as is  
7 written in our current regulations, would be  
8 necessary.

9           In particular, we do believe, that an  
10 adequate justification for any proposed staffing  
11 levels, would be required. We believe that the  
12 justification must analyze the number and  
13 qualifications of personnel in a systematic manner  
14 that basically shows a thorough understanding of the  
15 task requirements.

16           (Slide change)

17           MS. GOODMAN: The key to such a  
18 justification of alternate staffing, would be a  
19 detailed function and task analysis followed by  
20 performance demonstrations on either a control room  
21 simulator or some kind of control room prototype.

22           To accomplish this, Exelon would first  
23 need to develop a concept of operations, as I'm  
24 calling it here, considering the list of items listed  
25 below. For example, as part of the concept of

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1 operations, you'd have to consider the role of the  
2 operator. Is the operator an active participant or is  
3 it just a passive monitoring position?

4 The level of automation would have to be  
5 considered. Is it manual, is it fully automatic?

6 The modes of operation would have to be  
7 considered for different modes of operation.

8 Multiple module control would obviously  
9 come into play, since you're talking about up to ten  
10 modules. How many operators would be involved as you  
11 from two to three, all the way up to ten modules.

12 The control room design would be a factor.  
13 How many work stations? Would there be one work  
14 station for all ten modules?

15 Refueling during operation is something  
16 they discussed and that also would come into play and  
17 does come into a play when we talk about staff  
18 responsible for refueling.

19 Personnel qualifications would also need  
20 to be considered as well as would procedures. The  
21 procedures, whether they're symptom based,  
22 computerized, hard copy, etc.

23 But, basically, in summary, any staffing  
24 analysis should determine the number and background of  
25 the personnel for the full range of plant conditions.

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1 That would include normal, abnormal emergencies, as  
2 well as plant conditions such as maintenance,  
3 surveillance, or testing.

4 On my next slide, I've provided a list of  
5 the current rules and regulations, all of which play  
6 some piece in operator staffing requirements.

7 Part 55 covers the licensing of operators.

8 Part 50.34(f), among other things, covers  
9 the SPDS console requirement that we currently have.

10 Part 50.54(k,m) cover operator staffing  
11 requirements. I discussed these in the previous  
12 slide.

13 In the current Exelon proposal, they did  
14 not discuss such issues as the interpretation of the  
15 phrase, operator at the controls. For example, if  
16 multimodule or pebble bed is manipulating say  
17 reactivity in one reactor, if I were a CRT, is that  
18 operator at that controls of all the other reactors?  
19 This is an issue that's covered, at present, in  
20 Regulatory Guide 1.114, but would obviously be  
21 slightly different when we're dealing with multiple  
22 modules.

23 NUREG-0800 covers other staffing issues  
24 and we would certainly expect in the future, in any  
25 application, that these would be covered.

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1                   With respect to the issue really at hand,  
2                   probably the most important NUREG, is NUREG-0711,  
3                   which is the Human Factors Engineering Program Review  
4                   Model. This does have an element in it that covers  
5                   staffing. The central tenant of 0711 is that all  
6                   human factors aspects of the plant should be  
7                   developed, designed, and evaluated on the basis of a  
8                   structured top down systems analysis using human  
9                   factors principles.

10                  Then, on my last slide, I have shown sort  
11                  of a diagram of the program review model or NUREG-  
12                  0711. Once the concept of operations is determined,  
13                  as we've just discussed, Exelon could follow this  
14                  Human Factors Engineering Review Model as described in  
15                  NUREG-0711.

16                  It was specifically developed during the  
17                  review of three certified advanced reactor designs and  
18                  the guidelines do include an element on operator  
19                  staffing. As you can see in the first column, which  
20                  is probably the column that we're most talking about  
21                  here today, the staffing element interfaces with a  
22                  number of other elements, most specifically, including  
23                  the task analysis element.

24                  And, that really concludes what I have to  
25                  say today.

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1 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Thanks,  
2 Clare.

3 Any comments from Exelon, or questions  
4 about what types of information is going to be  
5 necessary?

6 MR. BORTON: Yes, Kevin Borton from  
7 Exelon. We understand that we'll need to justify  
8 exemptions from the regulations. We will be looking  
9 at detailed functional task analysis in that  
10 justification. However, how and when we demonstrate  
11 those functional task analysis, I think we'll need  
12 further interaction with the NRC working towards that  
13 and recognizing that the regulations do have ample  
14 guidance in there about human factoring.

15 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Clare, do you want  
16 to say anything about that while I'm going over to Ed?

17 MS. GOODMAN: When you use the word  
18 regulation, are you using it loosely to include NUREG-  
19 0711, or are you limiting, when you use the word  
20 regulation, to just Part 50.54(k,m)?

21 MR. BORTON: We recognize both the rules  
22 and regulation, in addition to that, the guidance that  
23 you outlined in your reg, so, not admitting that  
24 guidance.

25 MS. GOODMAN: I don't think I have

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1 anything else to add.

2 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. We have a  
3 comment or question here, Ed?

4 MR. LYMAN: Ed Lyman from the Nuclear  
5 Control Institute. I would just like to say that I do  
6 approve of the staff's caution in this area. It seems  
7 like a pretty foolish proposal right now to try and  
8 introduce exemptions when you don't even know what  
9 kind of operator actions are going to be required to  
10 deal with multiple transients of this plan.

11 So, I would caution that the performance  
12 demonstrations on simulators are obviously going to be  
13 a key element of qualifying any proposal that Exelon  
14 might have for reducing staff and clearly the choice  
15 of accidents you're going to look at is also going to  
16 be important.

17 For instance, take a seismic event that  
18 causes multiple transients in the different modules,  
19 than usual events. You are going to need dedicated  
20 operators, I would think, to deal with each one  
21 individually. I'm not sure any human, any mortal,  
22 would be able to cope with some of the transients you  
23 could come up with. So, you're going to have to give  
24 challenging transients in these demonstrations.

25 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Thank you,

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1 Ed.

2 MS. GOODMAN: We certainly agree. There  
3 are a number of issues to deal with. In fact, we do  
4 agree that the worst case accident scenario is often  
5 not necessarily the one that the operators are the  
6 busiest and the most challenged. You do need to look  
7 all, you know, of range of possibilities and we  
8 recognize that.

9 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay and Clare, to  
10 return to an overarching theme for all of these  
11 issues, the primary way, or at least anticipated way  
12 that this issue is going to be closed out, would be  
13 through an exemption request from Exelon and an  
14 evaluation by the NRC.

15 MS. GOODMAN: Simply put. I think it's  
16 probably a little bit more complex than just one  
17 submittal and one --

18 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Yes, but that's the  
19 major vehicle for people to look for, if there  
20 interested in this issue.

21 MS. GOODMAN: Yes.

22 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Yes, let's go  
23 back here.

24 Hi, Raji.

25 MS. TRIPATHI: I'm Raji Tripathi from the

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1 Office of Research. I'm wondering if either staff or  
2 Exelon has specifically talked about the initial  
3 operator examination as well as recertification as to  
4 who would administer the tests. I'm absent any  
5 current experience with the pebble bed modular  
6 reactors. Have you talked about that course and what  
7 the preferences would be, and so on?

8 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Did you want to hear  
9 the first part of it again?

10 Raji, do you mind repeating that for them?

11 MS. TRIPATHI: I'm sorry. My question was  
12 about the initial, as well as the recertification for  
13 operator qualification examinations, as currently for  
14 the light water reactors, so that the licensees have  
15 been recently administering the tests. But, for  
16 pebble bed modular reactors, have either you or staff,  
17 has talked about it as to the details of operator  
18 class and qualification examination, as to who will  
19 prepare it and do the testing?

20 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Thank you.

21 Rod, do you want to handle this? All  
22 right.

23 MR. KRICH: In the long term, I think the  
24 answer to your question is, we would work it the same  
25 way as done for light water reactors, which is, mostly

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1 now it's done where the licensee writes the exam. The  
2 NRC inspects the program and then also spot inspects  
3 the testing. So, ultimately, that's what we would get  
4 to, but I think preliminarily, at least initially,  
5 there would be a lot more involvement with the NRC.  
6 I fully expect that.

7 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Thanks, Rod.

8 Anybody on the staff have anything to add  
9 to that, at this point?

10 MS. GAMBERONI: I think we're in agreement  
11 that there's still a ways to go.

12 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Thank you,  
13 Marsha and Clare.

14 We have two more issues, I think, maybe,  
15 does anybody have any objection is we sort of push on  
16 with those, rather than taking a break, at this point?  
17 And you can always excuse yourself if we don't take a  
18 break. Amy?

19 MS. CUBBAGE: If we expect any issues at  
20 the end that might be lengthy, we might want to take  
21 a break and then come back, I mean.

22 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Well, it's  
23 2:40 p.m. now, do you want to take a break until 3:00  
24 p.m. and come back and then finish up. We'll probably  
25 still finish up with plenty of time. So, why don't

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1       you take 20 minutes. The coffee shop is open.

2                   MS. CUBBAGE: Yes, you should be able to  
3 go back up to the lobby area and come back down  
4 without going through security again.

5                   FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay, we'll see you  
6 at 3:00 p.m.

7                   MS. CUBBAGE: If anyone hasn't signed the  
8 sign-in sheet, please make sure you do so. It's  
9 outside the door.

10                   (Whereupon, the foregoing matter went off  
11 the

12                   record at 2:38 p.m. and went back on the  
13 record

14                   at 3:00 p.m.)

15                   FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Before we get  
16 started with our next presentation, if anybody is  
17 interested in looking at the Trip Reports that were  
18 being talked about, but I take it that these are the  
19 staff Trip Report and not the Powers Trip Report.  
20 But, here are the ADAMS accession numbers, ML01365002,  
21 is the transmittal letter of the staff Trip Report  
22 from this workshop. The Trip Report itself is at  
23 ML01365004. If we can get a ADAMS accession number  
24 for the Powers Trip Report, we'll get that also.

25                   Now we're going to continue on with

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1 financial issues. We're going to begin that  
2 discussion with Janice Moore. Janice is the Assistant  
3 General Counsel for the Reactor Program.

4 Janice, do want to give us an overview on  
5 this?

6 MS. MOORE: Sure. The first issue that's  
7 covered under the financial issues is the financial  
8 protection requirements. The issue was, should Price-  
9 Anderson financial protection requirements be applied  
10 to each modular reactor unit or to the PBMR facility?  
11 The Price-Anderson Act is contained in Section 170 of  
12 the AEA, is implemented by 10 CFR Part 140.

13 Exelon's proposal is that the NRC has the  
14 authority to grant an exemption from 10 CFR 140.11,  
15 for the first PBMR application to treat multiple  
16 modules as a site, as a single nuclear facility, for  
17 the purposes of the Price-Anderson Act. Exelon, in  
18 addition, proposes that rulemaking be initiated to  
19 provide that a multiple module facility is a single  
20 facility under the Price-Anderson financial protection  
21 requirements.

22 Exelon also proposes that we initiate  
23 rulemaking to amend the definition of utilization  
24 facility and nuclear reactor in 10 CFR 50.2, to  
25 include multiple reactor modules at a single site.

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1           The staff's position on this issue was,  
2           and continues to be, that there are substantial doubts  
3           that the Commission has the authority to treat  
4           multiple reactors as one facility, for the purposes of  
5           the retrospective assessment. Congress should amend,  
6           and in fact has undertaken legislation to amend the  
7           Price-Anderson Act to assure that multiple modules at  
8           a single site are treated as one facility.

9           The House has passed H.R. 2983, which  
10          would amend Section 170 to allow a combination of two  
11          or more modular reactors, each rated 100 - 300  
12          megawatts electric, with a combined rated capacity of  
13          not more than 1300 MWe, to be considered one facility.

14          In a similar amendment, which is part of  
15          the Senate Bill S. 517, has passed the Senate. This  
16          legislation has not yet however, gone to conference.

17          FACILITATOR CAMERON:     Okay.     Thanks,  
18          Janice.

19          Let's stop there and go out for any  
20          comments, questions, on the Price-Anderson issue.

21          Ron, Kevin, anything? Or Russ, anybody?

22          MR. SIMARD: It's Ron Simard. No, just a  
23          brief statement that if the House and Senate do reach  
24          agreement on this definition, that seems to be what we  
25          think the NRC would need to make the conforming change

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1 to Part 140. So, that seems to be the path to  
2 resolution.

3 FACILITATOR CAMERON: And, let me just  
4 clarify one thing in that regard. Janice, if the  
5 legislation is enacted and there would have to be a  
6 NRC rulemaking to amend our rules to provide for this?

7 MS. MOORE: That's right.

8 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. I guess  
9 that's a question that we'll need to come to when we  
10 get there.

11 MS. MOORE: Right. The exact nature and  
12 scope of the rulemaking would be decided at that time,  
13 depending on the language that's actually approved by  
14 Congress.

15 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Other  
16 comments, Price-Anderson?

17 Let's go back to Ed Lyman.

18 MR. LYMAN: Thanks. I think it's obvious  
19 that my organization would oppose this provision and  
20 would fight it to the extent that we can, because  
21 there is simply no technical basis right now, for  
22 concluding that it's appropriate to reduce the  
23 insurance requirements for these reactors based on a  
24 reduction in the rated power.

25 You really need to substantiate that by

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1 showing there is connection between that and a  
2 reduction in the long term consequences, property  
3 damage, land and oil, associated with a severe  
4 accident. I'm not sure that analysis has been done  
5 because that would depend more on the average burn up  
6 of the fuel in the core and the quantity of fission  
7 products, that are not proportional to the power in  
8 the reactor.

9           Until there is a technical basis for  
10 concluding that the consequences is severe accident at  
11 this site of ten of these modules, it would be  
12 comparable to that of a single reactor of the same  
13 power. Until that technical analysis is done, I think  
14 there is no basis for this, anyway. And that's not  
15 withstanding the fact that the existing assessments  
16 are probably ten times too small, at least, to cover  
17 the real damage from a beyond design basis nuclear  
18 accident.

19           FACILITATOR CAMERON: Thanks, Ed.

20           When Ed referred to his organization, it's  
21 Nuclear Control Institute, for people who don't know  
22 that.

23           Okay, Kevin or Ron?

24           MR. KRICH: Just a quick comment. We also  
25 note that in the draft Part 52, there's a new Section

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1 140.11(c), that's included in that, which we think  
2 given what Janice went through, in terms of  
3 legislation, is really unnecessary. In fact it goes  
4 kind of in the other direction. Just to note that  
5 there is that in the draft proposal.

6 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Thank you.

7 Anybody else on Price-Anderson.

8 Okay. Let's go on to antitrust.

9 MS. MOORE: Okay. The antitrust authority  
10 and responsibilities are set forth in Section 105 of  
11 the Atomic Energy Act. 10 CFR 50.33a requires  
12 prospective applicants to submit antitrust review  
13 information to the NRC nine months prior to the  
14 application for a construction permit or a combined  
15 license.

16 Exelon proposes that the NRC define a new  
17 category of merchant generating companies and exempt  
18 them from antitrust review. Exelon also proposes that  
19 the NRC initiate rulemaking to clarify that merchant  
20 plants are not required to submit antitrust  
21 information.

22 The ability of the NRC to accept certain  
23 applicants from the NRC's antitrust review  
24 requirements is being addressed by the Office of  
25 General Counsel, at this time, in coordination and

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1 consultation with appropriate Federal agencies. There  
2 is, at this time, not a schedule for completion of  
3 that activity.

4 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Questions  
5 from Exelon? Any information you want to provide on  
6 that?

7 MR. SIMARD: This Ron Simard. Let me just  
8 make an observation. It does look as if there's a  
9 sound basis for eliminating the NRC antitrust review  
10 given the oversight that exists among NRC and the  
11 Department of Justice and FTC.

12 But to Ms. Moore's last comment, I call  
13 your attention back to one of the opening slides, the  
14 potential schedule for when you might see the first  
15 COL under here. If you do the math, back up nine  
16 months from that, I would hope that you can put in  
17 place a resolution schedule that would support that.

18 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. I think that  
19 point is noted with the staff.

20 Any other comments on antitrust review  
21 authority.

22 Okay. I think we're going to move on now.

23 Thank you very much, Janice.

24 We're going to go to Mike Dusaniwskyj.  
25 Mike's going to talk about financial qualifications

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1 and then later about decommissioning. Mike.

2 MR. DUSANIWSKYJ: Financial qualifications  
3 are generally sought after by the NRC, not necessarily  
4 to regulate commerce but to generally get a feeling  
5 for reasonableness as to whether or not an entity  
6 would have the financial resources with which to  
7 conduct safely any nuclear power plant.

8 That comes from the authority of Section  
9 182 of the Atomic Energy Act. It specifically said in  
10 10 CFR 50.33 as to what kind of information the agency  
11 is looking for.

12 When it comes time for a brand new  
13 applicant to come through, and we are anticipating it  
14 sometime between now and the year 2004, that financial  
15 information will probably be the same in nature as we  
16 generally get for license amendments or we get for  
17 license extensions from a non-utility. So, the basic  
18 outline has been established and we know what kind of  
19 information we're going to be looking for.

20 The only one's that are not required to  
21 bring a five year forecast are utilities because their  
22 financial qualifications are presumed.

23 (Slide change)

24 MR. DUSANIWSKYJ: We recognize that the  
25 next application can come in under one of four

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1 different schemes. You can come in under Part 50.  
2 You can come in under Part 52. You can come in as a  
3 non-utility or as a utility.

4 From that, we only recognize that as far  
5 as how many licenses will be concerned will definitely  
6 determine what kind of information we're going to be  
7 looking for. If it is a one license for multiple  
8 units, or for multiple modules, it's a five year  
9 projection. That's what we really need. If we're  
10 talking about multiple licenses for multiple modules,  
11 we're looking for an application per license. One way  
12 or the other, 10 50.33, covers the kind of information  
13 that we would be looking for.

14 And on top of that, basically, beyond this  
15 just a five year projection, which again is the  
16 standard type of information that we would be looking  
17 for, we also look for a sensitivity analysis.  
18 Generally, we would like to see very similar in nature  
19 to what we've been doing so far license amendments.

20 What would happen if the price of  
21 electricity were to drop by ten percent, and given  
22 that in this case we're talking about a new unit with  
23 no history, see what would happen if capacity drops by  
24 ten percent, what would that do to your finances?

25 One point has to be managed and talked

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1 about right now. We do not regulate commerce. We are  
2 not trying to determine what the price should be.  
3 We're not trying to determine how an operator will  
4 have, or will not operate financially. We are looking  
5 to see if there's enough financial resources to run  
6 the plant safely. That's it.

7 One of things that I like to point out is  
8 that the Commission has the authority to always get  
9 more information. We have that one little escape  
10 clause that says that we can ask for just about any  
11 kind of information we deem fit. We don't take that  
12 arbitrarily, but we do look for the reasonableness of  
13 a forecast. You can't audit a forecast. You can only  
14 judge it for reasonableness.

15 We anticipated again, one application per  
16 license. And again, it can be for one module or for  
17 multiple modules. I know that Exelon has asked for  
18 the Commission to create a new class of applicant that  
19 would not be required to submit financial  
20 qualifications information. That type of a class  
21 enactment will probably take place after we have some  
22 experience as to what kind of license we're going to  
23 be talking about after we have some experiences to  
24 what kind of a module, what kind of reactor we're  
25 talking about.

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1 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Thank you, Mike.

2 Comments, questions on this aspect?

3 Kevin, Ron, Russ?

4 MR. SIMARD: Just a comment. We agree  
5 it's not necessary to have a rulemaking to support the  
6 first COL applications, that there are enough  
7 flexibility and the current alternatives.

8 Again, like the comment made earlier on  
9 the environmental impacts from the gas-cooled reactor  
10 fuel cycle, with these merchant plants, we agree it  
11 seems prudent to wait till we get a little more  
12 experience and then engage in rulemaking at that time.

13 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Mike, any comment on  
14 that?

15 MR. DUSANIWSKYJ: No comment.

16 FACILITATOR CAMERON: All right. Jim?

17 MR. RICCIO: Just that in a post Enron  
18 environment, I don't think NRC should be wading any  
19 financial requirements.

20 For those of us that remember when Exelon  
21 was Commonwealth Edison, the Commission had serious  
22 concerns about Commonwealth Edison's ability to  
23 actually finance the safe operation of the reactors  
24 that were currently operating.

25 I hope that your financial position is a

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1 little better off now with the merger with PECO, but  
2 you're not the only one's looking to build new  
3 reactors. We also have Entergy and Dominion that are  
4 spinning off limited liability corporations left and  
5 right.

6 I think the public would be well served if  
7 the NRC would require the financial requirements be  
8 met and not exempt any merchant plant from that  
9 requirement

10 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Thanks, Jim.

11 Any other comments on this particular  
12 issue?

13 Yes.

14 MR. MATTHEWS: John Matthews from Morgan  
15 Lewis. I just wanted to point out that in terms of  
16 talking about the possibility in the future of  
17 creating an exemption from the financial  
18 qualifications review similar to the existing  
19 exemption for electric utilities, there obviously  
20 would be criteria, I think, that would be sound that  
21 the agency could initiate such a rulemaking. For  
22 example, entities that have investment grade bond  
23 ratings that themselves have, meet certain asset  
24 requirements, are certainly as financially qualified  
25 presumptively, as many electric utilities that fall

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1 under the existing exemption under NRC's rules.

2 I think it would be appropriate to  
3 consider that in the future.

4 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Thank you, John.

5 Anybody else?

6 Mike, do you want to talk about  
7 decommission?

8 MR. DUSANIWSKYJ: I suppose I have too

9 (Slide change)

10 MR. DUSANIWSKYJ: 10 CFR 50.75 outlines  
11 how decommissioning shall be funded for any nuclear  
12 power plant in the United States. Generally speaking  
13 again, we look at an applicant under two distinct  
14 categories; either as a utility or a non-utility.

15 As a non-utility, the six options, sinking  
16 fund, prepayment, corporate parent guarantee, surety  
17 bonds, contracts, or a combination of the foregoing,  
18 are open to a non-utility except for sinking fund.  
19 That is something that is only exclusively allowed by  
20 a utility.

21 The idea behind this is that it's not  
22 necessarily that we are looking to have  
23 decommissioning funds available in case of technical  
24 problem with the unit, but also to recognize that in  
25 the brave new world of re-regulation, I refuse to use

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1 the term deregulation, competition will have winners  
2 and they will have losers.

3 Recognizing that these are assets with  
4 values that we'll probably wind up going on the  
5 auction block and continuing, the option still should  
6 remain that we would have the money available for, in  
7 a worst case scenario, a decommissioning of the plant.  
8 Again, not necessarily because of a technical aspect  
9 but because of a business aspect.

10 (Slide change)

11 MR. DUSANIWSKYJ: Enron made a proposal  
12 that it once used an alternative decommissioning  
13 funding method, at the time.

14 (Slide change)

15 MR. DUSANIWSKYJ: The one point that has  
16 been brought out is the fact that our regulations do  
17 only cover for PWR's and BWR's for the actual amount  
18 that is necessary for minimum decommissioning funding.  
19 We do recognize that the new generation of nuclear  
20 power plants may be gas-cooled and therefore, will  
21 require a new set of regulations to determine what the  
22 amount should be.

23 I recognize that that is up for, how  
24 should I put this politely, debate. We will probably  
25 accept Exelon's site specific decommissioning fund

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1 plan for the funding of that, I'm meaning how much  
2 money will be necessary.

3 And based on that will probably produce a  
4 formula very similar in nature to what is on the  
5 regulations now, something where we deal with a lump  
6 sum amount of money, a coefficient times the amount of  
7 thermal output. Then of course, moved forward into  
8 the future as to the time value of money.

9 The only major difference being of course,  
10 that the current regulations are based on dollars  
11 values of 1986. Any future type of a regulation of  
12 this nature will probably be based on a year sometime  
13 in the future.

14 The only thing of course is that of any  
15 type of site specific proposal for decommissioning the  
16 amount of funds necessary would be subject to review.  
17 We would want to make sure that NMSS would probably  
18 take a look at it to make sure that it does cover all  
19 the necessary features so that the funds associated  
20 with that action would be appropriate.

21 FACILITATOR CAMERON: All right.

22 Comments, questions? We'll start over  
23 here.

24 Kevin?

25 MR. BORTON: Exelon does understand that

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1 PBMR specific method will need to be discussed with  
2 the NRC as regarding the different options. And that  
3 we're also looking currently at those options which  
4 best fits our needs. We'll have to do some more  
5 extensive look into that based on the SECY.

6 We would also ask the NRC, I guess, to  
7 also re-evaluate the basis for the original rule for  
8 that, in light of new power plants, in a merchant  
9 environment, as well, and have further discussions  
10 with the staff regarding some of those issues.

11 I think it is more than just a PBMR issue.  
12 It probably is a new industry issue under deregulated,  
13 I'm not certain what the term what you used was, but  
14 it's not just for a PBMR, it's also for all new plants  
15 trying to make a market entry into this new  
16 environment.

17 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Thank you,  
18 Kevin.

19 Anybody else on this issue? Jim?

20 MR. RICCIO: First a question. Has the  
21 NRC thought about having Exelon or any other new  
22 candidate for a reactor, front load their  
23 decommissioning fund, given the fact that we've only  
24 had -- the only really operating experience we've had  
25 with a gas-cooled reactor was Fort St. Vrain and that

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1 didn't operate well and it didn't operate long. Since  
2 we don't have really any experience other than the  
3 THTR, I guess, is there any consideration being given  
4 to having a little bit more money upfront?

5 MR. DUSANIWSKYJ: Essentially that is the  
6 major difference between the utilities opportunities  
7 and a non-utilities opportunities. When you take away  
8 the sinking fund, you are essentially doing that.  
9 It's just a question of how you're going to fund it.  
10 You can either put cash up front, you may take into  
11 account two percent interest on that amount of money.  
12 You can also take into account nonbypassable charges  
13 or you may wind up using the corporate guarantee.  
14 Essentially, this is what those things do.

15 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. Ron, you want  
16 to add to that?

17 MR. SIMARD: Referring back to slide  
18 number 47, there are basically six ways of assuring  
19 that you've got the money that you need. We're  
20 currently looking at one of them being the surety bond  
21 option. So, that's one approach that we're currently  
22 talking with some of the providers of insurance.

23 Again, the objective is to make sure that  
24 there is sufficient available. Prepayment upfront is  
25 one option, but all these other options are

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1 equivalent. They all lead to the same result, namely,  
2 having adequate funds available.

3 MR. BORTON: And just one other  
4 clarification, there is probably another plant that  
5 you can add to your list which is Peach Bottom Unit  
6 One, which was owned and operated by PECO, now part of  
7 Exelon.

8 FACILITATOR: All right. Let's go to the  
9 final piece on this. Mike?

10 MR. DUSANIWSKYJ: Well, essentially this  
11 has already been covered.

12 (Slide change)

13 MR. DUSANIWSKJ: Essentially this what  
14 I've already tried to talk and cover already, is that  
15 it's not just a question of how you're going to wind  
16 up paying for the decommissioning but also the amount  
17 of money that we're going to have to determine is  
18 going to be necessary for decommissioning.

19 Again, I remind everyone that the ideas  
20 for minimum decommissioning funding assurance, it is  
21 not intended to be a catch all for all decommissioning  
22 costs. It is only as a good faith effort for an  
23 inevitable event, which would be a decommissioning of  
24 a plant eventually, whether it be 40, 60, or how many  
25 years down the road.

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1           As I said, the one thing we will need is  
2           a new regulation to determine what gas-cooled reactors  
3           are going to need as far as the amount of money in  
4           question.

5                   FACILITATOR CAMERON: Any further comments  
6           on that? Rod?

7                   MR. KRICH: Mike, this is Rod Krich with  
8           Exelon. Mike, we looked at your comment in the SECY  
9           there also about the present value of the  
10          decommissioning cost should not be large a modular  
11          reactor. Right now, and this is very, very rough so  
12          don't hold me to these numbers, but it's looking like  
13          we'll have put up about \$20,000,000.00 per module, by  
14          the current rule. That's a fair amount of money. I  
15          think we're looking at some other alternatives to  
16          propose to you or some other way to work the current  
17          rule.

18                   FACILITATOR CAMERON: Any other comments  
19          on decommissioning funding?

20                   Okay. Thank you, Mike.

21                   As Marsha, I think, started us off with,  
22          or perhaps it was Amy, these issues that were on the  
23          agenda today, were issues originally brought up by  
24          Exelon, and there's a couple that the staff added on.

25                   Before we close today, are there other

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1 issues anybody wants to put on the table before we  
2 adjourn?

3 Okay and I would like to thank you and I'm  
4 going to turn it over to Marsha for some final words.  
5 Don't forget about the technical issues session  
6 tomorrow. You may want to tell them where that is  
7 again. Marsha?

8 MS. GAMBERONI: First of all, I'd like to  
9 thank everyone for coming and all your participation.  
10 Just going back to what I stated as a success of  
11 today's meeting, it would have been that you have a  
12 better understanding of the staff's position and  
13 hopefully we've given that to you, and that we've  
14 obtained your input on these issues. I think we have  
15 a number of notes and your comments that we will take  
16 into consideration.

17 The take aways I see from this are for any  
18 of the stakeholders, as a reminder that Amy is still  
19 accepting written comments until April 10th, I  
20 believe. Some of you mentioned that you will be  
21 making additional submittals on some of these issues.  
22 And for us, it is to revise or to further expand our  
23 position in a SECY that would be out in the June time  
24 frame.

25 I'll just mention again tomorrow's

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1 meeting, PBMR. It's in this building, the third  
2 floor, B45. The ASLB hearing room. The issues that  
3 are going to be discussed tomorrow are fuel  
4 qualification plan and early site permit aspects.

5 Again, with that, I just want to thank you  
6 for your participation and look forward to your  
7 participation in the future meetings and any future  
8 workshops.

9 FACILITATOR CAMERON: And we do have one  
10 question, a clarification here.

11 MR. BORTON: Kevin Borton. I just want to  
12 ask a clarification. As far as the date that was in  
13 the Federal Notice for the information to be submitted  
14 to the NRC, are you also considering, based on what we  
15 stated today about further interactions with the NRC,  
16 the ultimate date, I would assume would be, input to  
17 the process prior to formulating a revised SECY or an  
18 additional SECY on these issues, by June?

19 MS. CUBBAGE: That was the thinking in the  
20 April 10th deadline was to give the staff time to  
21 incorporate any feedback and be able to meet our  
22 scheduled date for the SECY of June. Some of these  
23 issues, there will be other vehicles for providing  
24 feedback such as any proposed rules. There would be  
25 comment periods on those separate to the SECY paper

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1 resolution.

2 FACILITATOR CAMERON: Okay. And one final  
3 point of information. Steve was kind enough to get us  
4 the ADAMS accession number. If you want the Powers  
5 Trip Report, the ADAMS accession number is  
6 ML020450645. And a correction on what I call the Trip  
7 Report before, it's the report on the workshop itself.  
8 It was prepared by the NRC staff. And again, the  
9 report number in ADAMS is ML01365004.

10 All right. Thank you.

11 (Whereupon, the public workshop was  
12 concluded at 3:30 p.m.)  
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